WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE EIGHTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2013

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 630

(SENATOR UNGER, ORIGINAL SPONSOR)

[Passed April 13, 2013; in effect from passage.]

2013 HAY -3 PM 2: 31

PER SECURITION OF STATE

-11 ---

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FOR

Senate Bill No. 630

(SENATOR UNGER, original sponsor)

[Passed April 13, 2013; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §5A-6-4a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to duties of the Chief Technology Officer with regard to security of government information; adding the Division of Protective Services and the West Virginia Intelligence Fusion Center to the list of agencies exempted from the control of the Chief Technology Officer; and adding the Treasurer to the list of officers whose responsibilities cannot be infringed upon by the Chief Technology Officer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5A-6-4a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY.

§5A-6-4a. Duties of the Chief Technology Officer relating to security of government information.

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- 1 (a) To ensure the security of state government 2 information and the data communications in frastructure from unauthorized uses, intrusions or other security threats, the 3 Chief Technology Officer is authorized to develop policies, 4 5 procedures, standards and legislative rules. At a minimum, these policies, procedures and standards shall identify and 6 7 require the adoption of practices to safeguard information 8 systems, data and communications infrastructures, as well as 9 define the scope and regularity of security audits and which bodies are authorized to conduct security audits. The audits 10 11 may include reviews of physical security practices.
- 12 (b) (1) The Chief Technology Officer shall at least 13 annually perform security audits of all executive branch 14 agencies regarding the protection of government databases 15 and data communications.
- (2) Security audits may include, but are not limited to,
 on-site audits as well as reviews of all written security
 procedures and documented practices.
- 19 (c) The Chief Technology Officer may contract with a 20 private firm or firms that specialize in conducting these 21 audits.
 - (d) All public bodies subject to the audits required by this section shall fully cooperate with the entity designated to perform the audit.
 - (e) The Chief Technology Officer may direct specific remediation actions to mitigate findings of insufficient administrative, technical and physical controls necessary to protect state government information or data communication infrastructures.

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- (f) The Chief Technology Officer shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to minimize vulnerability to threats and to regularly assess security risks, determine appropriate security measures and perform security audits of government information systems and data communications infrastructures.
- 37 (g) To ensure compliance with confidentiality restrictions 38 and other security guidelines applicable to state law-39 enforcement agencies, emergency response personnel and 40 emergency management operations, the provisions of this 41 section do not apply to the West Virginia State Police, the 42 Division of Protective Services, the West Virginia 43 Intelligence Fusion Center or the Division of Homeland 44 Security and Emergency Management.
- 45 (h) The provisions of this section do not infringe upon the 46 responsibilities assigned to the state Comptroller, the 47 Treasurer, the Auditor or the Legislative Auditor, or other 48 statutory requirements.
- 49 (i) In consultation with the Adjutant General, Chairman 50 of the Public Service Commission, the Superintendent of the 51 State Police and the Director of the Division of Homeland 52 Security and Emergency Management, the Chief Technology 53 Officer is responsible for the development and maintenance 54 of an information systems disaster recovery system for the 55 State of West Virginia with redundant sites in two or more 56 locations isolated from reasonably perceived threats to the 57 primary operation of state government. The Chief 58 Technology Officer shall develop specifications, funding 59 mechanisms and participation requirements for all executive branch agencies to protect the state's essential data, 60 61 information systems and critical government services in

- times of emergency, inoperativeness or disaster. Each executive branch agency shall assist the Chief Technology Officer in planning for its specific needs and provide to the Chief Technology Officer any information or access to information systems or equipment that may be required in carrying out this purpose. No statewide or executive branch
- 68 agency procurement of disaster recovery services may be
- 69 initiated, let or extended without the expressed consent of the
- 70 Chief Technology Officer.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Member - Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee		
Originated in the Senate.	2013 MAY -3 PM 2: 3	
Clerk of the House of Delegates Prefident for the Senate Speaker of the House of Delegates	31	
The within is appound this the 30d. Day of May 2013.	¥	

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

MAY - 1 2013

Time 1:45 pm